

# **Art Virtual Learning**

# 3rd Grade Non-objective Collagraph Prints

April 13, 2020



# 3rd Grade Art Lesson: April 13, 2020

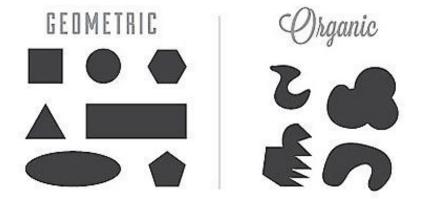
# Learning Targets:

Students will create a non-objective artwork using line, shape and color.

Students will make printing plate using an additive process, and pull a print by layering colors.

# Background: Some review from 1st and 2nd Grade

- Line: a point moving through space
- Shape: enclosed space
  - Geometric shapes
  - Organic Shapes: free-form and often found in nature.



- Color: reflected light
  - mixing or layering two colors to create a third

#### Let's get started: Watch Videos:

- 1. <u>Youtube: Representational and Non-Representational defined From</u> <u>Goodbye-Art Academy</u>
- 2. Video about Henri Matisse (with optional art practice at the end)
- Objective: depicts easily recognizable subject matter. It is an image of something.



• Non-Objective (Non-representational): not based on things objects you see in the real world. This type of artwork focuses on the basic elements and principles of art.



### Practice #1:

What do you notice in this artwork? Discuss lines, shapes, color, and subject matter?

Is it objective or non-objective?

Tell someone in your house, or write it down.

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.



### Practice #1:

# Non-Objective

This artwork is Non-objective because it focused on the shapes and color to make an interesting design.

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.



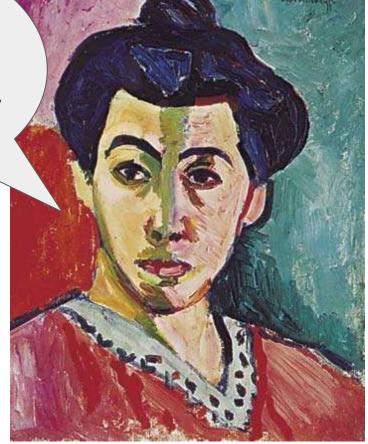
## Practice #2:

What do you notice in this artwork? Discuss lines, shapes, color, and subject matter?

Is it objective or non-objective?

Tell someone in your house, or write it down.

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.



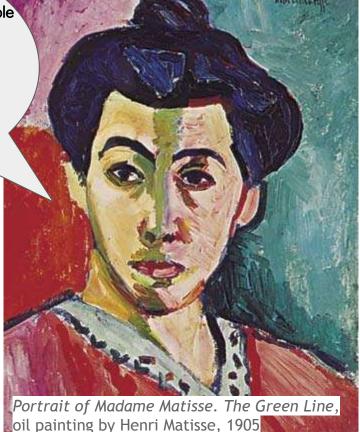
### Practice #2:

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.

Non-objective: not an image of something. Focused on basic elements of art (line, shape, color, etc.)

# Objective

It is an example of an objective artwork. The image still a recognizable face, but the artist used unique lines, shapes, and colors to make it not realistic.



## Practice #3:

What do you notice in this artwork? Discuss lines, shapes, color, and subject matter?

# Is it objective or non-objective?

Tell someone in your house, or write it down.

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.



### Practice #3:

# Non-Objective

This artwork is Non-objective because it focused on the shapes and color to make an interesting design.

Objective: depicts a recognizable subject.

Non-objective: not an image of something. Focused on basic elements of art (line, shape, color, etc.)



Louis Schanker, Non-Objective, 1939, color woodcut on paper

#### Practice Non-objective Art on your own:

1. Follow along with this <u>video</u> and practice creating a non-objective artwork using materials she listed, or you add color if you want by just using pencils, crayons, chalk, or markers.



# Art Project:

# Non-objective Collagraph Rubbing Prints

- Gather materials with an adult's permission
  - Scissors
  - Glue: school glue, or low temperature hot glue (with adult permission)
  - This is a great time to use recycled materials! You want to use materials that have different textures: yarn, cereal boxes, paper plates, fabric, bubble wrap, aluminum foil, craft foam, leaves, etc.
  - Recycled cardboard: use as it is, or you can tear the top layer off and have the corrugated texture
  - Crayons, colored pencils, and/or chalk



# **Collagraph Printing Plate**

1. Use a strong surface as the base for your plate. Cardboard or thicker cereal boxes works great!



2. Cut different materials and textures into geometric and organic free-form shapes

Remember we are creating a Non-objective Artwork

# **Collagraph Printing Plate**

3. Glue shapes to the plate surface in a unique and creative way.





# **Collagraph Rubbing Print**

- 4. Wait for glue to dry and have a strong hold
- 5. Place paper on top of plate
- 6. Use crayon, colored pencil, or chalk to rub across paper to create a print!
  - a. Experiment with different pressures; push hard, then soft.
  - b. Use different colors, layer, and overlap colors

Layer two primary colors to create a secondary color!

What other colors can you make by layering?



### **Optional Extra Art Activities and Resources:**

- Create multiple rubbing prints from the same plate
- Create a painted-print
  - Paint your plate with a thin layer of paint
  - Put a piece of paper on top
  - $\circ~$  Rub the back, and carefully pull off
- Watch a longer video about Henri Matisse with <u>Mati and</u> <u>Dada</u> on Youtube

Self Check:

Show someone in your house your artwork and explain the difference between Objective and Non-Objective Art.



- 1. Was this lesson?
  - easy
  - just right
  - hard
- 2. Do you have art or patterns in your house that are non-objective? Find three.



### Student artists use their hands, minds, and hearts.

Hands Art Supply Ideas	<ul> <li>I use my hands to create art.</li> <li>I explore media, use tools,take care of supplies and studio space.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Studio Habits of Mind</li> <li>Stretch and Explore</li> <li>Develop Craft</li> </ul>
Minds Age Appropriate Art	<ul> <li>I generate ideas.</li> <li>I reflect on my work and the next steps.</li> <li>I interact with other artists.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Envision</li> <li>Reflect</li> <li>Understand the Art World</li> </ul>
Hearts <u>More Ways to Express</u>	<ul> <li>I look at the world around me.</li> <li>I persist when I struggle with problems.</li> <li>I express my thoughts with art.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Observe</li> <li>Engage and Persist</li> <li>Express</li> </ul>