



# **Math Virtual Learning**

# **Calculus AB**

**Review of Derivatives- Product and Quotient Rules**

**May 4, 2020**



Lesson: Monday, May 4, 2020

**Objective/Learning Target:  
Lesson 1 Derivatives Review**

Find the derivative using Power Rule

Find the derivative using Product and Quotient Rule

Find the derivative of all trig functions

# Introduction Videos

[Power Rule](#)

[Power Rule with Rewriting the Function](#)

[Derivative of Sine and Cosine](#)

[Product Rule](#)

[Quotient Rule](#)

[Tan and Cot Derivative](#)

[Sec and Csc Derivative](#)

# Power Rule Examples

Suppose  $f(x) = x^{2/3} + 4x^{-6} - 3x^{-1/5}$ . Find  $f'(x)$ .

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}-1} + 4(-6)x^{-6-1} - 3\left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)x^{-\frac{1}{5}-1} \\&= \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}-\frac{3}{3}} - 24x^{-7} + \frac{3}{5}x^{-\frac{1}{5}-\frac{5}{5}} \\&= \frac{2}{3}x^{-1/3} - 24x^{-7} + \frac{3}{5}x^{-6/5}\end{aligned}$$

Answer

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{-1/3} - 24x^{-7} + \frac{3}{5}x^{-6/5} \text{ when } f(x) = x^{2/3} + 4x^{-6} - 3x^{-1/5}$$

Suppose  $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}}$ . Find  $f'(x)$ .

Step 1

Rewrite the function so each term is a power function (i.e., has the form  $ax^n$ ).

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= \sqrt[4]{x} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}} \\&= x^{1/4} + \frac{6}{x^{1/2}} \\&= x^{1/4} + 6x^{-1/2}\end{aligned}$$

Step 2

Use the power rule for derivatives to differentiate each term.

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= x^{1/4} + 6x^{-1/2} \\&= \frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{1}{4}-1} + 6\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)x^{-\frac{1}{2}-1} \\&= \frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{1}{4}-\frac{4}{4}} - 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{2}} \\&= \frac{1}{4}x^{-3/4} - 3x^{-3/2}\end{aligned}$$

Practice- Simplify, if necessary.

$$f(x) = \frac{8}{\sqrt{x}} - 3x$$

$$f(x) = x(x+1)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{7x+3x^2}{5\sqrt{x}}$$

# Practice- Answers

$$f(x) = \frac{8}{\sqrt{x}} - 3x$$

$$f(x) = x(x+1)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{x}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{7x+3x^2}{5\sqrt{x}}$$

$$-4x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - 3$$

$$2x + 1$$

$$1 + x^{-2}$$

$$\frac{7}{10}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{9}{10}x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

# Product and Quotient Rule Formulas

## Product Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f(x)g'(x) + g(x)f'(x)$$

## Quotient Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left[\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right] = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

# Product Rule Example

If we have a product like

$$y = (2x^2 + 6x)(2x^3 + 5x^2)$$

we can find the derivative without multiplying out the expression on the right.

We can then use the PRODUCT RULE:

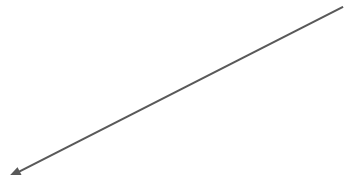
$$\frac{d(uv)}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$$

We first find:  $\frac{dv}{dx} = 6x^2 + 10x$  and  $\frac{du}{dx} = 4x + 6$

Then we can write:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d(uv)}{dx} &= u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx} \\ &= (2x^2 + 6x)(6x^2 + 10x) + (2x^3 + 5x^2)(4x + 6) \\ &= 20x^4 + 88x^3 + 90x^2\end{aligned}$$

You can stop here  
(especially on the AP test)





# Quotient Rule Example

We wish to find the derivative of the expression:

$$y = \frac{2x^3}{4-x}$$

We recognise that it is in the form:  $y = \frac{u}{v}$ .

We can use the substitutions:

$$u = 2x^3 \text{ and } v = 4 - x$$

Using the **quotient rule**, we first need to find:

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 6x^2$$

and

$$\frac{dv}{dx} = -1$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)}{dx} &= \frac{v \frac{du}{dx} - u \frac{dv}{dx}}{v^2} \\ &= \frac{(4-x)(6x^2) - (2x^3)(-1)}{(4-x)^2} \\ &= \frac{24x^2 - 6x^3 + 2x^3}{(4-x)^2} \\ &= \frac{24x^2 - 4x^3}{(4-x)^2}\end{aligned}$$

# Practice

$$y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^5}\right)(3x^4 - 2)$$

$$y = \frac{3x^5 - 5x^4 - x^2}{4x^5 - 4}$$

## Practice- Answers

$$y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^5}\right)(3x^4 - 2)$$

$$y = \frac{3x^5 - 5x^4 - x^2}{4x^5 - 4}$$

$$y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^5}\right)(3x^4 - 2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (1 + x^{-5}) \cdot 12x^3 + (3x^4 - 2) \cdot -5x^{-6}$$

$$= 12x^3 - \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{10}{x^6}$$

$$y = \frac{3x^5 - 5x^4 - x^2}{4x^5 - 4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(4x^5 - 4)(15x^4 - 20x^3 - 2x) - (3x^5 - 5x^4 - x^2) \cdot 20x^4}{(4x^5 - 4)^2}$$

$$= \frac{5x^8 + 3x^6 - 15x^4 + 20x^3 + 2x}{4x^{10} - 8x^5 + 4}$$

# More Practice

[Worksheet 1](#)

[Power, Constant and Sum Rules](#)

[Product Rule Worksheet](#)

[Quotient Rule Worksheet](#)

Textbook Practice-

2.2 Pg. 115: 1, 3-31 by 4, 39, 43, 51, 55, 59, 61, 63, 67,-72, 83-89, 91, 93, 97-100, 103

2.3 Pg. 126: 1, 5, 7, 11, 15, 17, 19, 23-51 by 4, 61, 69, 73, 83, 87, 93-101 by 4, 103-111, 113, 129-134