

HS PLTW Engineering

10-12/General Electronics Safety

4/6/2020



10-12 Digital Electronics Lesson: 4/6/2020

Objective/Learning Target:

Students will understand general safety in the electronics classroom.

Practice:

- By the end of this lesson you will have reviewed the general safety rules for the classroom and laboratory.
- Reviewed safety rules specific to possible electrical injuries.

Basic Safety Rules

- Read and follow all written Instructions.
- Locate the material data sheets and manuals for the equipment you are working with – READ THEM CAREFULLY.
- Make sure all safety equipment is working properly.

Basic Safety Rules (continued)

- Make sure the area is clear of ANY water.
- Remove any jewelry and push up baggy sleeves.
- Make sure all safety equipment is working properly.
- If you find a broken tool or something that is damaged – notify your instructor

Basic Safety Rules (continued)

 Make sure to check circuits with a voltmeter to see if they are energized

Fire Extinguisher Types

For electrical fires Class C is the best option

Class B or D will also work but not as well

 Class A is water based and are NEVER to be used on an electrical fire

Current, Voltage, Electrocution

- Most of the projects in digital electronics operate at or around 5 volts and between 15 to 20 miliamps (mA).
- Any current higher than 25mA can injure you
- 6 Amps and higher can have fatal consequences

Quiz yourself (answers on last slide)

- 1: What should you do If a tool does not seem to be working correctly?
- 2. What should you do if you are wearing jewelry or baggy sleeves?
- 3. What amperage can begin to cause a person harm?
- 4. If you see a broken or frayed electrical cord what should you do?

Quiz yourself (answers)

- 1. Discontinue use, notify instructor
- 2. Remove the jewelry during class, push up your sleeves.
- 3. 15 mA
- 4. Discontinue use, notify instructor

Helpful links

Basics steps for electronic safety

Safely working with electronic circuits