

#### Dear Parent or Guardian:

Our district is required to inform you of certain information that you, according to The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110), have the right to know.

Upon your request, our district is required to provide to you in a timely manner, the following information:

- Whether the teacher has met state qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction.
- Whether the teacher is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which state qualification or licensing criteria have been waived.
- Whether your child is provided services by paraprofessionals and, if so, their qualifications.
- What baccalaureate degree major the teacher has and any other graduate certification or degree held by the teacher, and the field of discipline of the certification.

In addition to the information that parents may request, districts must provide to each individual parent -

- Information on the achievement level of the parent's child in each of the state academic assessments as required under this part; and
- Timely notice that the parent's child has been assigned, or has been taught for four or more consecutive weeks by a teacher who is not highly qualified.

### Missouri Department of Elementary & Secondary Education

# No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (NCLB) COMPLAINT PROCEDURES

This guide explains how to file a complaint about any of the programs<sup>1</sup> that are administered by the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (the Department) under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (NCLB)<sup>2</sup>.

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#### 1. What is a complaint under NCLB?

For these purposes, a complaint is an allegation that a local education agency (LEA) or the Missouri Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (the Department) has violated a federal statute or regulation that applies to a program under NCLB.

#### 2. Who may file a complaint?

Any individual or organization may file a complaint.

#### 3. How can a complaint be filed?

Complaints can be filed with the LEA or with the Department.

#### 4. How will a complaint filed with the LEA be investigated?

Complaints filed with the LEA are to be investigated and attempted to be resolved according to locally developed and adopted procedures.

#### 5. What happens if a complaint is not resolved at the local level (LEA)?

A complaint not resolved at the local level may be appealed to the Department.

<sup>2</sup> In compliance with NCLB Title IX Part C. Sec. 9304(a)(3)(C)

Revised 7/15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Programs include Title I. A, B, C, D, Title II, Title III.A.2, Title IV.A, Title VI, Title VII.C

#### 6. How can a complaint be filed with the Department?

A complaint filed with the Department must be a written, signed statement that includes:

- A statement that a requirement that applies to an NCLB program has been violated by the LEA or the Department , and
- 2. The facts on which the statement is based and the specific requirement allegedly violated.

#### 7. How will a complaint filed with the Department be investigated?

The investigation and complaint resolution proceedings will be completed within a time limit of fifty calendar days. That time limit can be extended by the agreement of all parties.

The following activities will occur in the investigation:

- 1. Record. A written record of the investigation will be kept.
- Notification of LEA. The LEA will be notified of the complaint within five days of the complaint being filed.
- **3. Resolution at LEA.** The LEA will then initiate its local complaint procedures in an effort to first resolve the complaint at the local level.
- 4. Report by LEA. Within forty-five days of the complaint being filed, the LEA will submit a written summary of the LEA investigation and complaint resolution. This report is considered public record and may be made available to parents, teachers, and other members of the general public.
- 5. Verification. Within ten days of receiving the written summary of a complaint resolution, the Department will verify the resolution of the complaint through an on-site visit, letter, and/or telephone call(s).
- **6. Appeal.** The complainant or the LEA may appeal the decision of the Department to the U.S. Department of Education.

#### 8. How are complaints related to equitable services to private school children handled differently?

If the complaint is an LEA is not providing equitable services for private school children, in addition to the procedures listed in number 7 above, the complaint will also be filed with the U.S. Department of Education, and they will receive all information related to the investigation and resolution of the complaint. Also, appeals to the United States Department of Education must be filed no longer than thirty days following the Departments' resolution of the complaint (or its failure to resolve the complaint).

#### 9. How will appeals to the Department be investigated?

The Department will initiate an investigation within ten days, which will be concluded within thirty days from the day of the appeal. An independent on-site investigation may be conducted if the Department determines that it is necessary. The investigation may be continued beyond the thirty day limit at the discretion of the Department. At the conclusion of the investigation, the Department will communicate the decision and reasons for the decision to the complainant and the LEA. Recommendations and details of the decision are to be implemented within fifteen days of the decision being delivered to the LEA.

#### 10. What happens if a complaint is not resolved at the state level (the Department)?

The complainant or the LEA may appeal the decision of the Department to the United States Department of Education.



## Parent/Family Involvement in Education Title 1 – Parent Involvement Policy

The Board of Education recognizes the positive effects of parents/families' involvement in the education of their children. The Board also recognizes the importance of assisting schools in eliminating barriers that impede parent/family involvement and will facilitate an environment that encourages collaboration with parents/families and community. The Board is committed to strong parent/family involvement in working collaboratively with District staff as knowledgeable partners in educating District students. In order to implement the Board's commitment to parent/family involvement in education, the Superintendent will appoint a committee of parents, staff, and community representatives to serve as the District's Parent Involvement Committee. The Committee's responsibilities will include recommendations for program development, parent/staff training and program evaluation.

The Board also recognizes the importance of parental involvement with the Title I program and will provide a variety of opportunities for parents to be involved in policy design and in the planning, implementation and review(ing) of Title I programs.

-Excerpt from Independence School Board Policy

The NCLB Parental Involvement: Title I, Part A Non-Regulatory Guidance adopted April 23, 2004 states:

An LEA's written parental involvement policy must establish the LEA's expectations for parental involvement, and describe how the LEA will-

- Involve parents in jointly developing the LEA's local plan under section 1112 and in the process of school review and improvement under section 1116
- Provide the coordination, technical assistance, and other support necessary to assist Title I, Part A schools in planning and implementing effective parental involvement activities to improve student academic achievement and school performance
- Build the schools' and parents' capacity for strong parental involvement
- Coordinate and integrate parental involvement strategies under Title I, Part A with parental involvement strategies under other programs, such as Head Start, Reading First, Early Reading First, Even Start, Parents as Teachers, Home Instruction Program for Preschool Youngsters (HIPPY), State-run preschool programs, and Title III language instructional programs
- Conduct, with the involvement of parents, an annual evaluation of the content and effectiveness of the parental involvement policy in improving the academic quality of the schools served with Title I, Part A funds, including-

- o Identifying barriers to greater participation by parents I parental involvement activities, with particular attention to parents who are economically disadvantaged, or disabled, have limited English proficiency, have limited literacy, or are of any racial or ethnic minority background;
- Using the findings of the evaluation to design strategies for more effective parental involvement;
- o Revising, if necessary, the LEA's parental involvement policies; and
- Involve parents in the activities of schools served under Title I, Part A. [Section1118(a)(2), ESEA.] [For more detailed information see Appendix D for a sample template of a District wide Parental Involvement Policy.]

Revised 12/14